

Name .....



WINCHESTER  
COLLEGE

## ELECTION

### Mathematics 1

Monday 6 May 2019

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Total marks: 100

**Calculators are not allowed.**

Write your answers in this booklet. If you need additional space, please write on sheets of A4 paper and attach them to this booklet. You may use a pencil for diagrams.

Work carefully, and *do not be discouraged if you do not finish.*

You should show your working so that credit may be given for partly correct answers.

1.	a) Find $\frac{11}{12}$ of £108	b) Find 68% of £25	[1] [1]
	c) Find 0.05 of £440	d) Evaluate $8 - 6 \times (-2) - 6 \times 18 \div (-3)$	[1] [2]
	e) Evaluate $1010 + 1001 \times 1009 - 1000 \times 1009$	f) Evaluate $\frac{(1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6)^2}{(1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4)^2}$	[2] [3]

2. Find in the simplest form:

a)  $\frac{8}{11} - \frac{2}{33}$

b)  $7\frac{1}{5} \div 2\frac{2}{5}$

[2]  
[2]

c)  $\sqrt{\frac{22}{5} \times \frac{165}{6}}$

d)  $\frac{5}{2 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}}}$

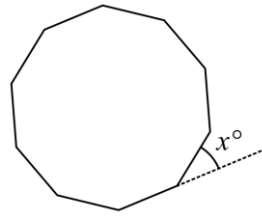
[2]  
[3]

<b>3.</b>	a) $p = 3$ , $q = 12$ and $r = -5$ .  Evaluate $p\sqrt{q^2 + r^2}$ .	b) $2(x + 3) - (x - 5) + 4(x + 2) = 119$ . Find $x$ .	[2] [2]
	c) $\frac{c^3 - 14}{5} = 10$ . Find $c$ .	d) $\frac{72}{y - 21} = 8$ . Find $y$ .	[2] [2]

4.

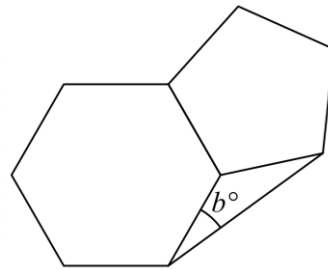
a) The diagram below shows a regular decagon (ten equal sides with ten equal interior angles). Write down the value of  $x$ .

[1]



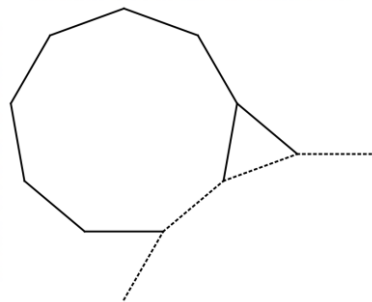
b) The diagram below shows a regular hexagon and a regular pentagon (which share a side). Find the value of  $b$ .

[3]



c) The diagram below shows a regular nonagon (nine sides), an equilateral triangle and part of a regular polygon (dotted) with  $n$  sides. Find  $n$ .

[3]



<p><b>5.</b></p>	<p>a) Find the value of <math>\frac{16^3}{2^9}</math>.</p>	<p>b) <math>10^a \times 10^b = 10^7</math>.  <math>10^a \div 10^b = 10^3</math>.</p> <p>Find the value of <math>ab</math>.</p>	<p>[2] [2]</p>
	<p>c) By writing each number as a product of prime factors, evaluate <math>\sqrt{15 \times 21 \times 35}</math>.</p>	<p>d) By writing 2020 as a product of prime factors, find a three-digit number <math>n</math> for which <math>2020n</math> is a square number.</p>	<p>[2] [3]</p>

6. a) Alice, Brenda and Clara share a pile of buttons in the ratio  $7:12:21$ . Clara gets ten more buttons than Alice and Brenda put together. How many buttons were in the pile? [2]

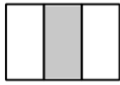
b) Derek, Ethan, Fynn and Gerald share a big pile of sweets. Derek, Ethan and Fynn now have sweets in the ratio  $1:4:6$ , and Ethan, Fynn and Gerald have sweets in the ratio  $6:9:2$ . Derek and Gerald have 35 sweets between them. How many sweets does Gerald have? [3]

c) Harriet and Imogen share sweets in the ratio  $1:2$ . Imogen gives Harriet 42 sweets. The sweets are now shared between Harriet and Imogen in the ratio  $5:4$ . How many sweets did they share? [4]

7.

a)

Strip Pattern 1



Strip Pattern 2



Strip Pattern 3



Strip Pattern number	1	2	3	4	5	6	$n$
Fraction of strip that is shaded	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{4}$	$\frac{3}{5}$				

(i) Complete the table above.

[2]

(ii) Strip pattern  $k$  is 90% shaded. Find  $k$ .

[2]

b) Complete the table below (a match is one side of a small square).

[3]

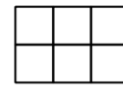
Rectangle Pattern 1



Rectangle Pattern 2



Rectangle Pattern 3



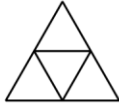
Rectangle Pattern number	1	2	3	4		$n$
Number of matches	7	12	17		57	



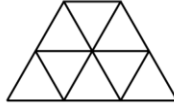
c) Find a formula for the number of matches in trapezium pattern  $n$  (a match is one side of a small equilateral triangle).

[2]

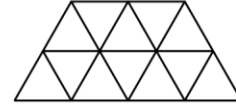
Trapezium Pattern 1



Trapezium Pattern 2



Trapezium Pattern 3



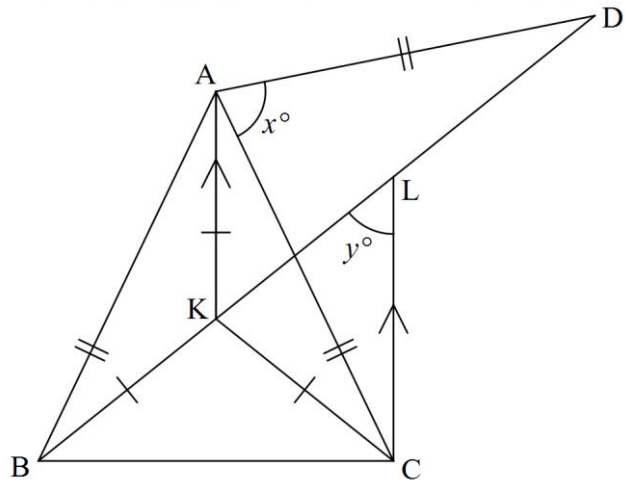
d) Frank makes a rectangle pattern, using all the matches he has. He then rearranges these matches into a trapezium pattern and has no matches left. Find three possible values for the number of matches Frank started with.

[3]

8.

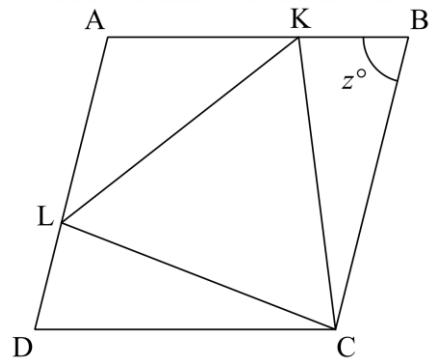
a) In the diagram below  $AB = AC = AD$ ,  $KA = KB = KC$ ,  $KA$  is parallel to  $CL$ , and  $BKD$  is a straight line.

Angle  $BAC = 54^\circ$ . Find  $x$  and  $y$ .



[5]

b)  $ABCD$  is a rhombus and  $KLC$  is an equilateral triangle. The lengths of the sides of  $KLC$  are the same as the lengths of the sides of  $ABCD$ . Find  $z$ .

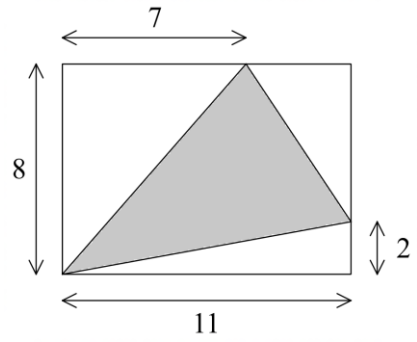


[5]

9.

a) The diagram shows a triangle drawn inside a rectangle. Find the shaded area.

[3]

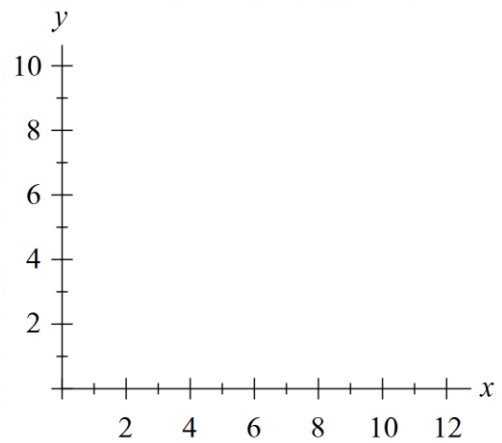


b) The vertices of a triangle ABC are A(0, 0), B(8, 10) and C(12, k).

The area of the triangle ABC is 34.

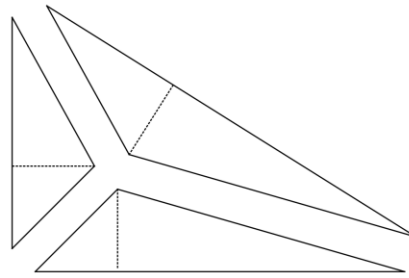
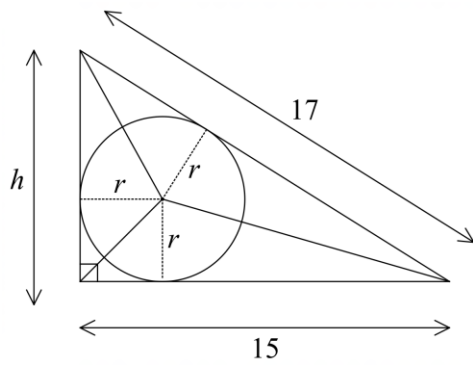
(i) Plot the points A and B on the diagram.

(ii) Find the value of  $k$ , given that  $0 < k < 10$ .



[6]

10. The diagram on the left below shows a right-angled triangle with its inscribed circle, radius  $r$ .



a) Find  $h$ , and hence the perimeter and the area of the triangle.

[3]

b) By considering the three triangles in the diagram on the right above, find the value of  $r$ .

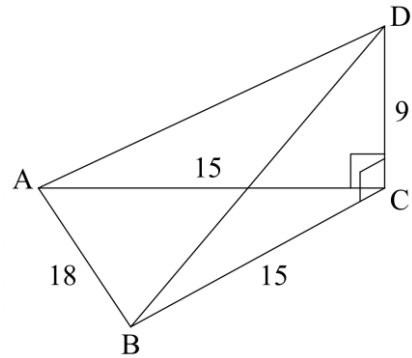
[3]

ABCD is a tetrahedron with a horizontal base and one vertical edge. Note that the base is an isosceles triangle.

c) Find the volume and the total surface area of the tetrahedron.

[7]

(The volume of a pyramid is equal to  $\frac{1}{3} \times \text{base area} \times \text{height}$ .)



d) Hence find the radius of the largest sphere that can be placed entirely inside the tetrahedron. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest terms.

[4]